Structural Integrity Reserves:

Exploring the accounting implications of Structural Integrity Reserves for Community Associations.





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Note: The information in this flyer is intended for guideline and example purposes only with respect to Structural Integrity Reserves, and not to be used in lieu of any official legal, CPA, or professional opinion or any Federal or State Statute. This flyer is not legal counsel and should not be used for such purposes.

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Introduction

"Structural Integrity Reserves Study" (SIRS) is a visual inspection of a building's critical structural components performed to help identify an Association's potential or existing significant structural problems and to determine the components' estimated useful remaining lives. The resulting SIRS components identified have become colloquially known as "SIRS-Reserves" and require specific accounting and bookkeeping treatment. This report explores the necessary steps required to properly record and account for SIRS-Reserves.

Background

SIRS-Reserves are part of a wider process mandated by the State of Florida for Condominium and Cooperative Associations after the tragic collapse of a Condominium tower in Surfside, Florida. Associations had typically either deferred necessary major repairs or replacements, or the Associations were unaware of any necessary major repairs and replacements because the Association had not completed an updated engineering or reserve study to identify such problems. As a result, the State of Florida mandated Condominium and Cooperative Associations that were 3-stories or greater to undergo a multi-step process to help maintain the Association's building components.

<u>Multi-Step Process – Milestone Inspection</u>

Pursuant to Florida Statute 553.899, an Association 3-stories or greater must arrange for a "Milestone Inspection" to be completed before December 31, 2024 for an Association's building(s) that are at least 30 years of age before July 1, 2022. If a building reaches 30 years of age between July 1, 2022 and December 31, 2024, the Association has until December 31, 2025 to complete the Milestone Inspection. If a building reaches 30 years of age after December 31, 2024, the Association must complete a Milestone Inspection on December 31 of the 30th year of occupancy. The Milestone Inspection must subsequently be completed every 10 years thereafter. Local enforcement agencies may require more stringent regulations. The purpose of the Milestone Inspection is to ensure that the Association's building(s) are structurally sound. If the first phase of the Milestone Inspection finds substantial deterioration to the Association's building(s), a more intrusive phase two is required. *The Association's licensed engineering or architectural firm should provide further information on Milestone Inspections*.

Background

<u>Multi-Step Process – Structural Integrity Reserve Study and Funding</u>

In addition to the Milestone Inspection, the Association must complete the Structural Integrity Reserve Study for buildings three (3) stories or greater generally before December 31, 2024; however, certain Associations that meet the criteria for an extended deadline may complete the Structural Integrity Reserve Study on or before December 31, 2026. An Association must subsequently complete a Structural Integrity Reserve Study every ten (10) years thereafter.

The Structural Integrity Reserve Study will identify, at a minimum, the following components estimated replacement costs and estimated remaining useful lives:

- 1. Roof.
- 2. Structure, including load-bearing walls and other primary structural members and primary structural systems.
- 3. Fireproofing and fire protection systems.
- 4. Plumbing.
- 5. Electrical Systems.
- 6. Waterproofing and exterior painting.
- 7. Windows and exterior doors.
- 8. Any other item that has a deferred maintenance expense or replacement costs that exceeds \$10,000 and failure to replace or maintain such item negatively affects the items listed above.

For a budget adopted on or after December 31, 2024, the above identified components (1-8) must subsequently be fully funded by the Association (the Association may not provide for no reserves or less reserves than required to fully fund items 1-8 above).

Fully funding reserves means that each year the Association contributes a pro-rata portion of the funds necessary to conduct the major repairs and replacements, as identified by a qualified and licensed engineer or reserve specialist.

For example, if the roof will cost \$1,000,000 to replace, the Association has \$500,000 in a roof reserve component already, and the roof has an estimated remaining useful life of 5 years, then the Association would be mandated to fund \$100,000 per year (\$1,000,000 replacement cost [minus] - \$500,000 already reserved for in the roof reserve fund [equals] = \$500,000 necessary to fund, divided by 5 years remaining useful life = \$100,000 per year) ((\$1,000,000-\$500,000)/5) = \$100,000 per year). In this example, the Association would under no circumstances be permitted to budget for less reserves than \$100,000 per year for the roof.

The Association should consult with their engineering/reserve specialist, Management (if applicable), and CPA to ensure proper funding of the mandatory SIRS Reserve Components.

Accounting For and Recording Structural Integrity Reserves

<u>Separate Accounting</u>

Structural Integrity Reserve (SIRS) components, as identified previously in this report, must be accounted for and recorded separately from other non-SIRS components. An example of a non-SIRS component *could* be a component such as landscaping. SIRS components must be identified as such in the Association's accounting/bookkeeping records. <u>An example Balance Sheet can be found on page five (5) of this report.</u> <u>Under no circumstances should the Association, Bookkeepers, or Management commingle SIRS and non-SIRS reserve funds</u>.

Keeping the SIRS and non-SIRS cash and funds separate may help to ensure proper accounting records are kept in compliance with State Statute; however, moving existing non-SIRS Reserve Cash to newly formed SIRS Cash Accounts will require a vote of the membership. Certain reserve components could have already been established that relate to SIRS components, such as "Roof."

Importantly, an Association's budget is not limited by the 115 percent increase rule for repairs or replacement of the Association's property, anticipated expenses of the Association which the Board does not expect to be incurred on a regular basis, insurance premiums, or assessments for the betterments of the Association's property. Additionally, the Association may adjust the estimated replacement costs of the identified reserve (SIRS and non-SIRS) components for inflation.

Willful failure to comply with the reserve funding requirements by the Board of Dirctors is considered a breach of an officers' of directors' fiduciary responsibility to the unit owners, and applicable Director's and Office's insurance may not cover such willful failures to comply.

<u>Conclusion</u>

Milestone Inspection and Structural Integrity Reserve Studies are required for all Florida Condominium and Cooperative Associations that are at least three stories. There are varying due dates for these studies. *The Association should consult with legal counsel and specialists to determine the proper due date.* For budgets approved after December 31, 2024, Associations are required to fully-fund components identified as part of the Structural Integrity Reserve Study. Reserve funds for non-SIRS components and SIRS components must be maintained and accounted for separately in the Association's accounting/bookkeeping records. Under no circumstances should the Association commingle these funds.

Supplementary Information

EXAMPLE ASSOCIATION, INC. BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2024

Assets		
Operating Cash		
10-1001-00 Bank Operating	\$ 150,000	
10-1002-00 Bank Security Deposits	15,000	
Total Operating Cash		165,000
Reserve Cash		
11-1003-00 Non-SIRS Reserve Bank	75,000	
11-1004-00 SIRS Reseves Bank	200,000 ┥	
Total Reserve Cash		275,000 000,225 275,000 000,12 7,500 000,12 8 000,12 9 000,12 1000 100 21,000 000,12 1000 100 1000 1
Other Assets:		qC
12-1040-00 Accounts Receivable	5,000	III III III III III III III III III II
15-1050-00 Prepaid Expenditures	2,500	ve I
Subtotal Other Assets:		7,500
Total Assets:		serve Fund Cash is held separately from non-SIRS Reservery fund components themselves are accounted for separately
Liabilities and Equity		SIR r se
Current Liabilities		on-f
20-2001-00 Accounts Payable	\$ 6,000	n n
20-2005-00 Prepaid Assessments	10,000	
20-2010-00 Security Deposits	15,000	ily f acc
Subtotal Current Liabilities		<u>31,000</u> ge
Non-SIRS Reserves		epar
25-3000-01 Landscaping	50,000	d sel
25-3000-02 Gate	25,000	hel
Subtotal Non-SIRS Reserves		
SIRS Reserves		Casj
25-5000-01 Roof	50,000) pr
25-5000-02 Structure	60,000	Eur
25-5000-03 Fireproofing	10,000	ve.
25-5000-04 Plumbing	30,000	Fun
25-5000-05 Electrical	20,000	he
25-5000-06 Waterproofing	10,000	SIRS-R and the
25-5000-07 Windows	20,000	
Subtotal SIRS Reserves		\$ 206,000
<u>Total Liabilities</u>		\$ 306,000
<u>Equity</u>		
Operating Fund Balance	\$ 125,000	
Current Year Income	16,500	ф <u>141</u> 500
<u>Total Equity</u>		\$ 141,500
Total Liabilities and Equity		\$ 447,500